

**Региональный этап всероссийской олимпиады
школьников по английскому языку
в 2015/2016 учебном году**

Мурманская область

Шифр участника: АЯ1030

Класс: 10

Количество баллов: 93

Результат участия: призер

Listening & Reading

ID NUMBER

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1	(A)	B					+
2	(A)	B					+
3	A	(B)					+
4	(A)	B					+
5	(A)	B					+
6	(A)	B					+
7	A	(B)					+
8	A	(B)					+
9	(A)	B					+
10	A	(B)					+
11	(A)	B					+
12	(A)	B					+
13	(A)	B					+
14	(A)	B					+
15	(A)	B					+
16	(A)	B	C	D			+
17	A	B	(C)	D			-
18	A	B	C	(D)			+
19	A	(B)	C	D			+
20	A	B	(C)	D			+
21	(A)	B	C	D			+
22	A	B	(C)	D			+
23	A	B	(C)	D			+
24	A	(B)	C	D			+
25	A	B	C	(D)			+
26	A	B	(C)	D			+
27	(A)	B	C	D			+
28	A	B	(C)	D			+
29	A	B	(C)	D	E	F	+
30	(A)	B	C	D	E	F	+
31	(A)	B	C	D	E	F	+
32	A	(B)	C	D	E	F	+
33	A	B	C	(D)	E	F	+
34	A	B	C	D	(E)	F	+
35	Treasury						+
36	coin						+
37	stars						+
38	Britain						+
39	ink						+
40	colour						+

395

Use of English

ANSWER SHEET

ID NUMBER

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1	on	+
2	to	+
3	fall	-
4	are	-
5	donate	-
6	matter how fast we drive	+
7	suddenly for us occurred	+
8	than Paula had reached the gate	-
9	behaviour at the party was beyond	+
10	may have escaped from your	+
11	expire	+
12	dissatisfy	-
13	arrive	+
14	definition	-
15	surrender	+
16	1 10 C	+
17	12 A	-
18	11 9 B	+
19	5 7 F	-
20	8 D	-
21	Cardiff	+
22	Orlando	+
23	Reading	+
24	Washington	+
25	Manchester	+
26	New Orleans	+
27	Oxford	+
28	Sacramento	+
29	Belfast	+
30	Madison	+

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Writing

ANSWER SHEET

Participant's ID number

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Here are the results of the research on how students in the USA spend their time on an average weekday. We have collected data for both 2014 and 2015, which will help us to compare how much time students spent on different activities ~~in~~ these years.

Firstly, we assess that on average an American student ~~now~~ sleeps less than in 2014 (7.1 vs 8.6). This allowed him to spend ~~more~~ time on leisure & sports and traveling, which now ~~substitute~~ ^{take} 3.3 5.6 and 2.9 hours compared to 3.8 and 1.5. In 2014 extracurricular educational activities took 3.4 hours, while working and related activities required 2.7. On the other hand, in 2015 working ~~increased~~ ^{was} on. With education, ~~and~~ now the proportion is ^{2.4} vs ^{2.3}. However, this increase in the business of an American student doesn't match with the time he spends on eating and drinking now: it is twice as ~~large~~ much as in 2014, 2 vs 1.

Maybe this is caused by a decrease in time spent ~~for~~ other activities: 0.5 compared to 2.3, which is a major difference. Time spent on grooming doesn't differ much for the two years: ~~0.5 and 0.7~~ 0.2 is ~~sub~~ ^{are} substituted out of 0.7. To sum up, American students ^{now} spend much more time on leisure than in 2014, which is caused by a serious decrease in sleeping time and educational activities. But they also pursue the goal to work more, which is beneficial for the American economy.

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